

Siblings have 25% of match

- Mostly occur in pre-sensitized/pre-exposed individual.

# HYPERSENSITIVITY REACTION

→ A C I D → Delayed  
↓ ↓ ↓  
Anaphylaxis Allergy Immune complex  
cytotoxic

## • Type-I:- Anaphylactic (sys. rxn) and atopic (local rxn.)

### Immediate

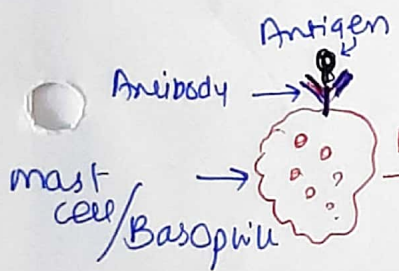
- occur in minutes
- Antigen crosslink  $\bar{e}$  IgE present on mast cell or basophils → degranulation
- Tryptase is the marker of mast cell activ.

Release of histamine

↓  
Bronchoconstriction (smooth muscle contract.)  
Vasodilation.

### Late reaction.

- occur in hours
- chemo & cytokines are secreted from mast cells  
↓  
• Tissue damage  
• Inflamm.



Release

Histamine & histam. like sub.

Eosinophilic Chemotactic factor

① Anaphylactic rxn

② urticaria/Allergy

③ Bronchospasm (Asthma)

Causes: Asthma, peanut allergy, bee sting, allergic conjunctiv. or seas. aller.

Tests: Skin Test or Blood Test (ELISA) for allergen sp IgE

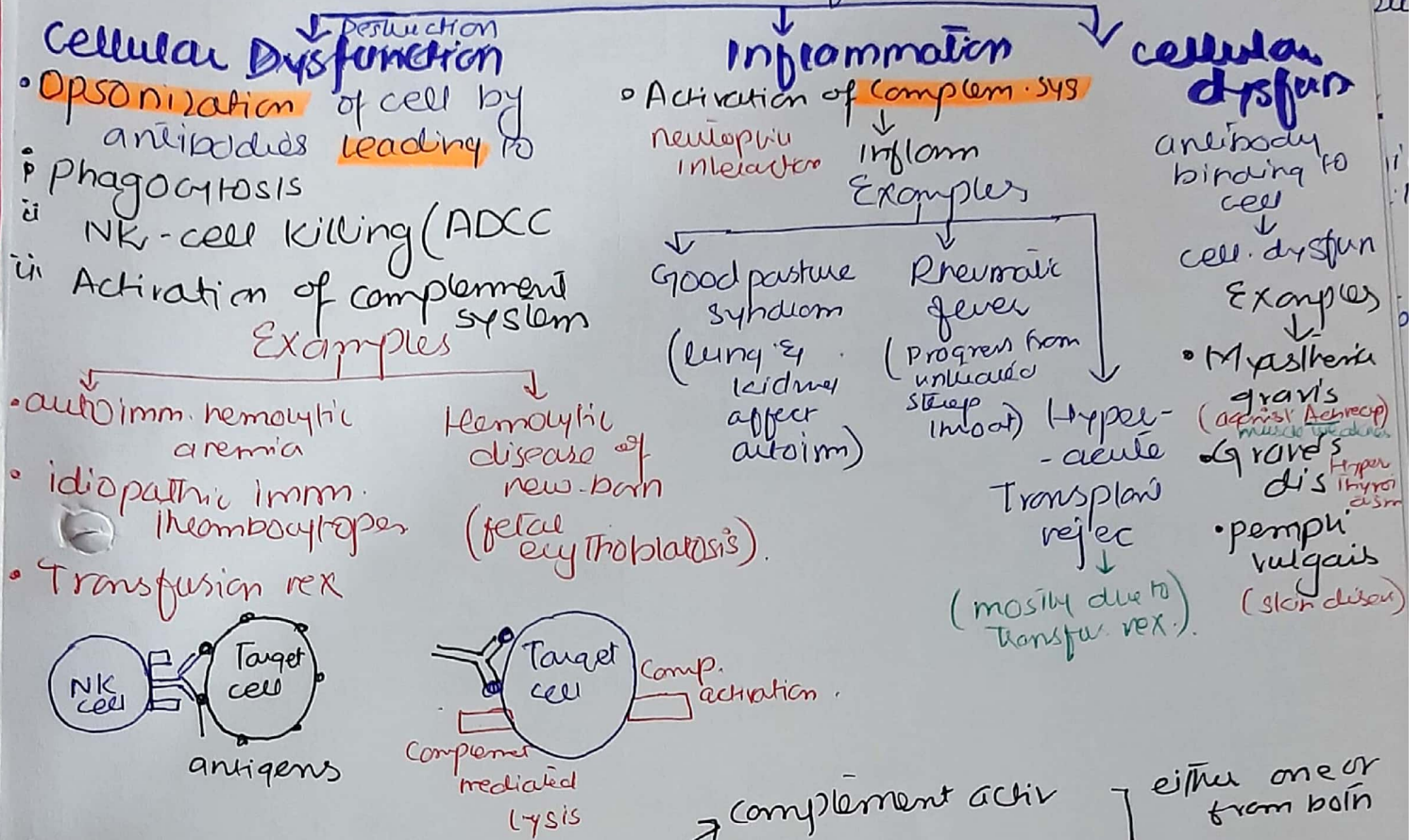
• Radioallergosorbent (RAST) & radioimmunosorb (RIST) — (radio labelled)

## THERAPIES:-

- ① Desensitization/Hyposen: 1/M weekly = small dose of allergen → to ↑ sc IgG  
Then monthly
- ②  $H_1$ -antagonist (doesn't give 100% resp, bcoz histami is not only involve)
- ③ Epinephrine: (albuterol = bronchodil, phenylephrine = nasal congest. vasoconstrictor as well)
- ④ Cromolyn: (inhib. mast cell)
- ⑤ Topical steroids (comb.  $\bar{e}$   $\beta$ -ago for asthma)
- ⑥ Anti-Ig-E.



\* **TYPE - II Hyper. S.R.**:- cell surface Ag-Ab binding leads to cellular destruction, inflammation & cell dysfunction.



1. **CYTOTOXICITY** may be from either one or from both  
 2. antibody dep. cell-mediated cytotoxicity → Direct killing of antibody coated cell by NK, macro, or eosinoph.

**ONSET:-** First expos = inflom in 7-10 days.  
 Second exp = " = < 3 days.

**Prophylaxis:-**

- ① withdrawal of drug (if causative agent) & avoid re-exposure
- ② anti-RhD is adm during & in 72 hr post-partum after each pg.

**OPSONIZATION:** immune process which uses opsonins to tag foreign pathogens for elimin. by phagocytosis

**NK-cells:** kill by secreting perforin (pore forming cytotoxic protein) and granzyme (enter by pores & activate intracellular enzyme (caspases) that play pivotal role in Apoptosis).



# Type-III H.S.R

- immune complex

- antigen-antibody-complement
- can be assoc. w/ **vasculitis** & systemic manifest.

Mostly IgG activate complement → attract neutroph

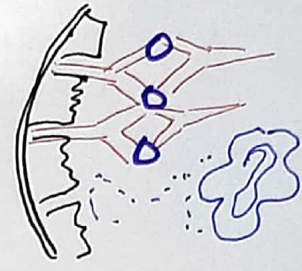
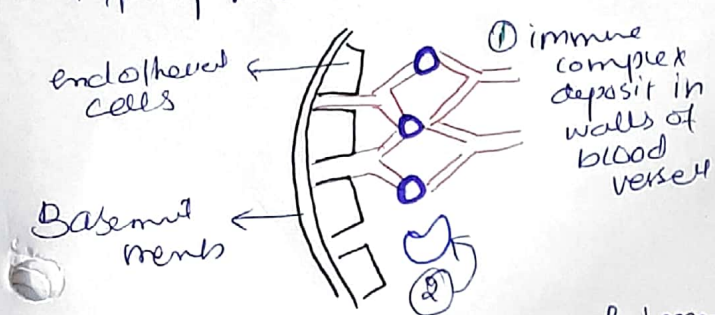
## EXAMPLES

**Polyarteritis Nodosa**  
(Hep B/Ag) - peri.  
[a Type of vasculitis]

SLE

Post-streptococcal  
glomerulonephritis

Rheumatoid  
arthritis



② neutrophils  
③ Enzyme release from neutrophils cause damage to endothelial cells of basement membs.

presence of immune complex → complement activ → attract inflamm cell such as Neutroph

Symp:-

Fever

Also proteinuria

& lymphadenopathy occurs 1-2 weeks after

UAE

Urticaria ↔ Arthralgia

"You go to UAE & feel tired and due to weather change you get fever = and take medication which cause urticaria"

## Reaction

### Serum Sickness Rx

### Arthus Rx

Complement activ → inflamm → Tissue damage

- assoc w/ some drugs
- 1) (hapten: **penicillin**)
- 2) Infection (**Hep B**)
- 3) **anti-venom** (e.g for snake venom)
- 1-2 week after exp or Ag-Ab complex formation
- Fever, itching, Rash, joint pain, swollen lymph nodes

- induration = hardening of soft tissues
- swelling, edema/necrosis, hemorrhage
- local sub-acute immune complex med. H.S.R
- Appear **4-10hr** after injection
- Intradermal inj of pre-sensitized (having IgG) → Immune complex
- Examples: **Vaccines & insulin** (Tetanus, Diphtheria, Hep B)

★ Farmer's lungs: Inhal of Fungi/bac. → Type-III

★ humidifier lungs: Spores borne in aerosol microdroplet from humidifier (Hypersensitivity pneumonitis)

ONSET → Systemic → exposure 1st = 1-2 weeks  
→ local → 6-8 hr  
pre-existing antibodies = 1 day

- Avoid causative agent - corticosteroid - antihistamine

★ Humidifier: Add moisture to enviro. to prevent dryness of body skin. They can even ease sym of flu/cold



Creams, ointment

(Delayed)

## Type-IV H.S.R

- doesn't involve antibodies
- Involves T-cells — 2 mechanisms

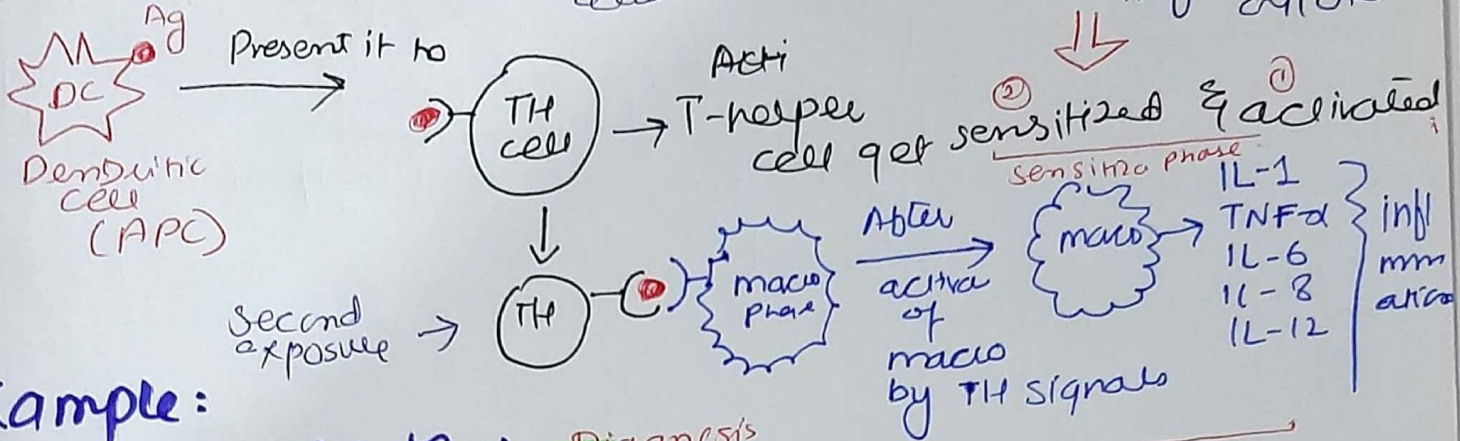
Granuloma formed  
• local aggreg of TH cells  
macrophages & giant  
epithelioid cells: derive  
from fusion of macroph

Direct cell cytotoxic

CD8 + CT → kill virus  
(T-killer) targeted cells

Inflamm. resp.

(helper) CD4 + T-cell recog.  
antigen & release  
Inflam cytokine



Example:

### 1. Tuberculin-Skin-Test — Diagnosis

① Intra-dermal inj of antigenic extract of M.TB

② If the pt. is already exposed or sensi in his life then Induration (thickening of skin) & erythema peaks in 1-2 days due to inflam. → a.k.a. eaten poison (Asian & east North American flower plant)

### 2. Contact Dermatitis: — Poisoning, nickel allergy

— usually CD8 + cell involved.

— Test: patch test

### 3. Graft v/s host

### 4. candida extract — (T-cell show response)

⑤ Also occur in Diabetes Mellitus

Other antigens include: M.TB, M.leprae, listeria monoc.

ONSET: Granuloma form in mini of 2 weeks

• Contact sensitiz occur in 12-24hr in Pre-sensitized person  
Peak: 48-72hr.

Therapy: • removal of avoidance of allergen  
• Proper treatment of causative agent

• Corticosteroids (Topical)  
• Corticosteroids (oral) in case of severe